

Debt Manual

2011

This Debt Manual is intended as a reference guide and is not an official record with regard to city debt. It is believed to be accurate in all material respects, however any information contained in this report should be verified before being used for official purposes.

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OVERVIEW

This Debt Manual is designed to provide information on the City of Redmond's outstanding debt, authority to issue debt and the policies and procedures that guide the City in the debt issuance process. Included in this Manual are listings of current outstanding debt, the various maturity schedules, policies, and other miscellaneous information to help the reader understand the City's debt position as well as the bond spend-down and continuing disclosure requirements.

The City is permitted to issue the following types of debt subject to approval by Ordinance or Resolution by the City Council:

Limited Tax General Obligation Bonds (LTGO): LTGO debt is backed by the full faith and credit of the City. The bonds can be issued without a vote but are "limited" in that no additional resources are provided to pay debt service on these bonds. The debt service must be paid from existing city resources. They are also limited in the amount and rate as defined by the City's debt capacity.

Unlimited Tax General Obligation Bonds (UTGO): UTGO debt is backed by the full faith and credit of the City. This type of bond can only be issued when authorized by a 60% majority vote of registered voters (meeting the minimum voter turnout requirement). The purpose of the vote is to approve an excess tax levy (as a completely new source of revenue) to pay the debt service (i.e. principal and interest payments to bond holders).

Lease Obligation: This type of debt can be in the form of a lease-purchase arrangement or a certificate of participation. With this type of contractual obligation a third party, typically the lessor, issues certificates or bonds where the principal and interest payments to investors are guaranteed by the lease payments made by the City.

Revenue Bonds: Revenue bonds are typically issued to fund improvements to facilities or systems and can be either a voted or non-voted type of debt. The debt is secured solely by the pledge of a specific revenue stream such as utility user fees.

Special Assessment Bond: Also referred to as Local Improvement District (LID) bonds, this type of debt is used to finance capital improvements that benefit taxpayers in a specific area. The cost is borne only by those who will benefit from the improvement.

Other Debt Instruments: Instruments such as Public Works Trust Fund loans or other financing contracts issued through the State of Washington, bond anticipation notes (BAN's), bank qualified loans, and/or other legal debt issues as allowed by law. Additionally, with Council approval, the City may issue interfund loans rather than outside debt instruments to meet short-term cash flow needs.

As of January 1, 2011, the City's outstanding debt consists of limited tax general obligation (LTGO) debt issued for transportation projects, unlimited tax general obligation (UTGO) refunding bonds, a lease obligation for the city hall building, revenue bonds issued for utility system improvements, and State of Washington public works trust fund loans for various transportation projects.

MUNICIPAL DEBT CAPACITY

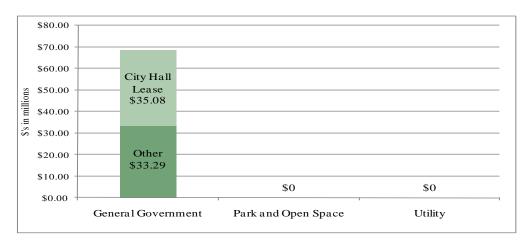
General Obligation Debt Capacity and Outstanding Obligations

According to Washington State law, voters may approve general obligation debt issues of up to 7.5% of the City's assessed valuation. This 7.5% debt capacity is allocated evenly between general government purposes, parks and open space, and utilities, resulting in a 2.5% or \$320 million limit for each. Within the 2.5% limit, the Council has the authority to issue bonds and/or lease purchase agreements without voter approval for a combined total of up to 1.5% of the City's assessed valuation. All voted bonds require a 60% majority approval. To validate the election, the total votes cast must equal at least 40% of the total votes cast in the last general election.

As of January 1, 2011, the City has \$68.4 million of debt outstanding for general government purposes. This is well below the legally allowed general government debt capacity and includes general obligation bonds, State of Washington public works trust fund loans, and lease payments for City Hall. The full capacity of \$320 million is available for parks and open space as well as utility general obligation debt. The chart below graphically depicts current debt capacity by government purpose. A detailed listing of the City's general obligation bond issues can be found on the next page.

Although the City can legally issue up to 7.5% of its assessed valuation, bond-rating agencies have a lower threshold for an acceptable debt capacity. Bond rating agencies use several criteria for determining the level of debt a city can support. Two common ratios rating agencies refer to are overall net debt per capita and overall net debt as a percent of assessed value (also referred to as market value). Redmond's current net debt per capita is considered low at \$1,274 based on a population of 53,680 as is the overall net debt at .53% of assessed value.

General Obligation Debt Capacity As of January 1, 2011



\$891,610,084

The following table provides a detailed summary of the \$68.4 million in general obligation debt outstanding, which includes one voter approved levy, Council-approved general obligation notes as well as other contractual and lease payments.

Outstanding Debt Long-Term Borrowing (as of January 1, 2011)

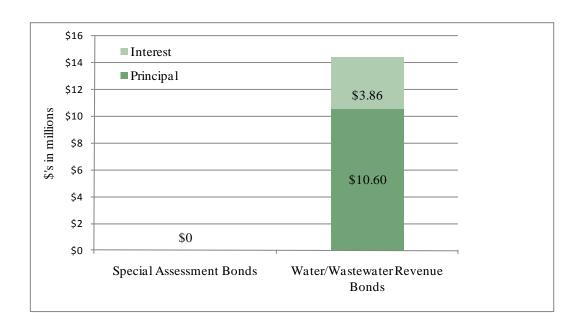
Total General Obligation Debt Capacity				\$959,978,201
	Date of Issue	Date of Maturity	Amount Issued	Outstanding Amount
Limited Tax General Obligations (LTGO)				
2004 Lease Obligation	4/4/2004	12/1/2035	\$39,230,000	\$35,080,000
2008 LTGO Bonds - Bear Creek/Other Transportation Projects	9/4/2008	12/1/2028	\$33,935,000	\$31,645,000
LTGO Bond Total			\$73,165,000	\$66,725,000
Unlimited Tax General Obligations (UTGO) 2008 UTGO Refunding Bonds	9/4/2008	6/1/2013	\$1,315,000	\$815,000
Public Works Trust Fund Loans				
Union Hill Road Bridge Replacement	1991	2011	\$700,000	\$39,068
76th/185th Intersection Reconstruction	1991	2011	\$683,689	\$37,906
148th Avenue NE Rehabilitation	1993	2013	\$2,475,510	\$391,715
Willows Road to 116th	1995	2015	\$1,170,000	\$359,428
Public Works Trust Fund Loans Total			\$5,029,199	\$828,117
Total Debt Outstanding			\$79,509,199	\$68,368,117

Remaining General Obligation Debt Capacity

Other Long-Term Debt

In addition to general obligation debt, the City utilizes other long-term debt instruments, including special assessment and revenue bonds. While not a direct responsibility of the City, special assessment bonds are used to finance public improvements that benefit a specified group of property owners, and are funded from the collection of special assessment payments. Currently the City has no outstanding assessment bonds. Revenue bonds are primarily used to finance utility capital improvement projects, and are payable from revenues generated by the water and sewer utilities. The following chart summarizes the current revenue debt obligation.

OTHER DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY As of January 1, 2011



The Revenue Bonds are budgeted in the Water/Wastewater Operations & Maintenance Fund and were issued for the purpose of upgrading and improving the City's utilities' facilities including the replacement of two wells, extension of the southeast Redmond transmission main, development of a large pressure reducing valve station, and upgrading the Reservoir Park pump station and reservoir. Final payment on these bonds will be in 2023.

In the future, the City expects to issue approximately \$20 million in revenue bonds to fund improvements in its surface water system to support the Downtown and Overlake Urban Centers.

POLICY

Governing Law

The City may issue debt as authorized by chapters 35.37, 39.36, 39.46, and 39.53 of the Revised Code of Washington (RCW) and by maintaining compliance with its own policies as noted in the following sections.

Short-Term Debt Policies

- a. Short-term debt is defined as a period of three years or less.
- b. The City may use short-term debt to cover temporary cash flow shortages, which may be caused by a delay in receipting tax revenues or issuing long-term debt. The City will not use short-term debt for current operations.
- c. The City may issue interfund loans rather than outside debt instruments to meet short-term cash flow needs. Interfund loans will be permitted only if an analysis of the affected fund indicates excess funds are available and the use of these funds will not impact the fund's current operations. All interfund short-term borrowing will be subject to Council approval and will bear interest based upon prevailing rates.

Long-Term Debt Policies

Long Term debt is that debt which exceeds three years.

- a. The City will utilize long-term borrowing for capital improvements that cannot reasonably be financed on a pay-as-you-go basis from anticipated cash flows.
- b. Acceptable uses of bond proceeds are items which can be capitalized and depreciated. Refunding bond issues designed to restructure currently outstanding debt is also an acceptable use of bond proceeds provided that the net present value (NPV) of savings is at least 4%.
- c. The City will determine whether self supporting bonds (such as special assessment improvement district bonds) are in the City's best interest when planning to incur debt to finance capital improvements.
- d. The City will not use long-term debt for current operations.
- e. The City will maintain good communications with the investment community about its financial condition. The City will follow a policy of full disclosure on every financial report and bond prospectus including proactive compliance with disclosure to the secondary market.

f. General Obligation Bond Policy

- 1. Every project proposed for financing through general obligation debt shall be accompanied by a full analysis of the future operating and maintenance costs associated with the project.
- 2. Bonds cannot be issued for a longer maturity schedule than a conservative estimate of the useful life of the asset to be financed.

g. Limited Tax General Obligation Bond Policies

- 1. As a precondition to the issuance of limited tax general obligation bonds, alternative methods of financing should also be examined.
- 2. Before general obligation bond propositions are placed before the voters, the capital project under consideration should have been included in the Capital Improvement Program. The source of funds should describe the intended use of bond financing.
- 3. Limited tax general obligation bonds should only be issued under certain conditions:
 - A project requires monies not available from alternative sources;
 - Matching fund monies are available which may be lost if not applied for in a timely manner; or
 - Catastrophic conditions.

h. Financing of Lease Purchases

- 1. Under Washington State law, the public may vote to approve bond issues for general government purposes in an amount not to exceed 2.5% of assessed valuation. Within the 2.5% limit, the Redmond City Council may approve bond issues and/or lease purchases up to 1.5% of the city's total assessed value. In addition, state law provides for an additional 2.5% of assessed valuation for parks and open space purposes with a vote of the public.
- 2. Lease purchase financing may be used when the cost of borrowing or other factors make it in the city's best interest.

OUTSTANDING DEBT

The following table shows all of the City's outstanding debt to maturity as of January 1, 2011. In this schedule, the principal and interest is combined each year to show the total annual debt service amount due for a particular type of debt. A breakdown between the principal and interest, plus a description of each individual debt issue, is included in the pages following this table.

Annual Debt Service Requirements to Maturity

	LT	GO/UTGO	/UTGO WW Revenue City Hall PW Trust		Total Annual				
Year		Bonds		Bond	Lease	Fu	nd Loans		Pay ment
2011	\$	2,938,438	\$	1,104,288	\$ 2,827,306	\$	295,547	\$	7,165,578
2012		2,936,900		1,104,688	2,830,806		213,167		7,085,561
2013		2,933,525		1,104,088	2,831,306		208,531		7,077,449
2014		2,648,475		1,106,588	2,828,806		73,323		6,657,192
2015		2,651,750		1,103,588	2,828,306		72,604		6,656,248
2016		2,652,500		1,104,588	2,831,119				6,588,207
2017		2,649,750		1,102,838	2,830,806				6,583,394
2018		2,648,750		1,104,438	2,829,556				6,582,744
2019		2,650,350		1,097,938	2,829,556				6,577,844
2020		2,651,438		1,111,175	2,830,556				6,593,169
2021		2,650,575		1,105,000	1,977,306				5,732,881
2022		2,650,075		1,207,500	1,981,056				5,838,631
2023		2,650,075		1,102,500	1,981,644				5,734,219
2024		2,650,325			1,978,956				4,629,281
2025		2,650,575			1,979,300				4,629,875
2026		2,648,825			1,980,975				4,629,800
2027		2,650,725			1,980,175				4,630,900
2028		2,651,250			1,981,900				4,633,150
2029					1,980,925				1,980,925
2030					1,977,250				1,977,250
2031					1,978,500				1,978,500
2032					1,981,000				1,981,000
2033					1,979,500				1,979,500
2034					1,979,000				1,979,000
2035					1,979,250				1,979,250
TOTAL	\$	48,564,300	\$	14,459,213	\$ 57,994,860	\$	863,172	\$	121,881,545

Limited Tax General Obligation Debt (LTGO)

The City's current LTGO debt was issued in 2008 to pay for the extension and improvements to Bear Creek Parkway, 161st Avenue NE and other miscellaneous transportation projects included in the Capital Investment Program for 2007-2012. Debt payments are budgeted biannually and paid for from levies of taxes within the constitutional and statutory tax limitations provided by law without a vote of the voters of the City. Redmond has chosen to pay this debt through collections of the City's Business Tax dedicated to transportation and transportation demand management projects.

\$33,935,000 Issue Amount:

Issue Date: September 4, 2008

Standard & Poor's: AAA Ratings:

Moody's: Aa2

December 1, 2008-2028 Principal Pymt Dates:

December 1 and June 1, 2008-2028 Interest Pymt Dates:

Year	Principal	Interest	Total	
2011	\$ 1,205,000	\$ 1,444,550	\$	2,649,550
2012	1,250,000	1,402,375		2,652,375
2013	1,290,000	1,358,625		2,648,625
2014	1,335,000	1,313,475		2,648,475
2015	1,385,000	1,266,750		2,651,750
2016	1,455,000	1,197,500		2,652,500
2017	1,525,000	1,124,750		2,649,750
2018	1,585,000	1,063,750		2,648,750
2019	1,650,000	1,000,350		2,650,350
2020	1,730,000	921,438		2,651,438
2021	1,810,000	840,575		2,650,575
2022	1,900,000	750,075		2,650,075
2023	1,995,000	655,075		2,650,075
2024	2,095,000	555,325		2,650,325
2025	2,200,000	450,575		2,650,575
2026	2,300,000	348,825		2,648,825
2027	2,410,000	240,725		2,650,725
2028	 2,525,000	126,250		2,651,250
TOTAL	\$ 31,645,000	\$ 16,060,988	\$	47,705,988

Unlimited Tax General Obligation Debt (UTGO)

Issued in 2008 to refund the City's outstanding 1994 UTGO bonds which were approved by voters on November 3, 1992 to finance the capital costs for acquiring land for and constructing and equipping a fire station and fire maintenance facility. Debt payments are paid from annual levies of taxes as approved by the voters in 1992.

Issue Amount: \$1,315,000

Issue Date: September 4, 2008

Standard & Poor's: AAA Ratings:

Moody's: Aa1

Principal Pymt Dates: June 1, 2009 - 2013

Interest Pymt Dates: December 1 and June 1, 2009-2013

Year	Principal	Interest	Total		
2011	\$ 265,000	\$ 23,888	\$	288,888	
2012	270,000	14,525		284,525	
2013	 280,000	4,900		284,900	
TOTAL	\$ 815,000	\$ 43.313	\$	858.313	

Water/Wastewater Revenue Bonds

Issued in 2008 to upgrade and improve the City's water and wastewater utilities' facilities, these bonds support three system projects: replacing two wells, extending the southeast Redmond transmission main, and upgrading the Reservoir Park pump station and reservoir. Annual debt payments are paid from utility user fees.

\$11,755,000 Issue Amount: Issue Date: December 3, 2008

Ratings: Standard & Poor's: AAA Principal Pymt Dates: December 1, 2009 – 2023

Interest Pymt Dates: June 1 and December 1, 2009-2023

Year	Principal			Interest	Total		
2011	\$	615,000	\$	489,288	\$	1,104,288	
2012		640,000		464,688		1,104,688	
2013		665,000		439,088		1,104,088	
2014		700,000		406,588		1,106,588	
2015		725,000		378,588		1,103,588	
2016		755,000		349,588		1,104,588	
2017		790,000		312,838		1,102,838	
2018		830,000		274,438		1,104,438	
2019		865,000		232,938		1,097,938	
2020		915,000		196,175		1,111,175	
2021		950,000		155,000		1,105,000	
2022		1,100,000		107,500		1,207,500	
2023		1,050,000		52,500		1,102,500	
TOTAL	\$	10,600,000	\$	3,859,213	\$	14,459,213	

General Obligation Lease City Hall

Redmond Community Properties, a non-profit agency, issued lease-revenue bonds on behalf of the City in accordance with the provisions of Revenue Ruling 63-20 of the U.S. Treasury. Funds from the bonds were used to build a City Hall, parking garage, and to provide for other enhancements to the City campus. Monthly lease payments are budgeted biannually and paid for from levies of taxes within the constitutional and statutory tax limitations provided by law without a vote of the voters of the City. Redmond uses general revenues and utility user fees to support the lease.

Issue Amount: \$39,230,000 Issue Date: April 6, 2004

Standard & Poor's: AAA Ratings:

Moody's: Aa2

Lease Pymt Dates: Monthly through December 1, 2035

Year	Princip al	Interest	Total	
2011	\$ 1,130,000	\$ 1,697,306	\$	2,827,306
2012	1,190,000	1,640,806		2,830,806
2013	1,250,000	1,581,306		2,831,306
2014	1,310,000	1,518,806		2,828,806
2015	1,375,000	1,453,306		2,828,306
2016	1,450,000	1,381,119		2,831,119
2017	1,525,000	1,305,806		2,830,806
2018	1,600,000	1,229,556		2,829,556
2019	1,680,000	1,149,556		2,829,556
2020	1,765,000	1,065,556		2,830,556
2021	1,000,000	977,306		1,977,306
2022	1,045,000	936,056		1,981,056
2023	1,090,000	891,644		1,981,644
2024	1,135,000	843,956		1,978,956
2025	1,185,000	794,300		1,979,300
2026	1,240,000	740,975		1,980,975
2027	1,295,000	685,175		1,980,175
2028	1,355,000	626,900		1,981,900
2029	1,415,000	565,925		1,980,925
2030	1,475,000	502,250		1,977,250
2031	1,550,000	428,500		1,978,500
2032	1,630,000	351,000		1,981,000
2033	1,710,000	269,500		1,979,500
2034	1,795,000	184,000		1,979,000
2035	1,885,000	94,250		1,979,250
TOTAL	\$ 35,080,000	\$ 22,914,860	\$	57,994,860

Local Improvement District Assessments

Special assessment bonds are not a direct responsibility of the City, but are funded from the collection of special assessment payments. The most recent outstanding special assessment bonds, LID 92-WS-56, were created to finance the installation of water and sanitary sewer service on Avondale NE and NE 116th Street. This bond was retired in March 2010. Redmond no longer has any Local Improvement District Assessments.

Public Works Trust Fund Loans

State of Washington Public Works Trust Fund loans have been obtained for various transportation improvement projects as noted below. Loan payments are budgeted biannually and paid for from the City's Transportation Capital Investment Program. Public Works Trust Fund Loans do not require a vote of the people. .

Total Outstanding Loans

	Year	Principal			Interest	Total		
	2011	\$	279,431	\$	16,115	\$	295,546	
	2012	202,457			10,710		213,167	
	2013	202,457			6,074		208,531	
	2014		71,886		1,438		73,323	
_	2015		71,885		719		72,604	
	TOTAL	\$	828,117	\$	35,055	\$	863,172	

Loan Details

Union Hill Road Bridge Replacement

Total Loan Avail.	\$	700,000
Total Draw	\$	700,000
Loan Rate		1.00%
Maturity Date		7/1/2011
Loan #	<i>N</i> -5-	91-280-049

 Year	Pr	inc Bal	Pri	nc Pymt	Interest	
2011	\$	39,068	\$	39,068	\$	391

76th /185th Intersection Reconstruction

Total Loan Avail. \$ 683,689 Total Draw 683,689 Loan Rate 1.00% Maturity Date 7/1/2011 Loan # *N*-5-90-280-050

Year	Pri	nc Bal	Pri	nc Pymt	Interest	
2011	\$	37,906	\$	37,906	\$	379

Public Works Trust Fund Loans continued

148th Avenue NE Rehabilitation

Total Loan Avail. \$ 2,700,000 Total Draw \$ 2,475,510 Loan Rate 3.00% Maturity Date 7/1/2011 Loan # N-5-93-280-039

Year	P	Princ Bal		Princ Pymt		Interest	
2011	\$	391,715	\$	130,572	\$	11,751	
2012	\$	261,143	\$	130,572	\$	7,834	
2013	\$	130,571	\$	130,572	\$	3,917	

Willows Road to 116th

Total Loan Avail. \$ 1,170,000 \$ 1,170,000 Total Draw Loan Rate 3.00% Maturity Date 7/1/2015 Loan # W-5-95-791-031

Year	Princ Bal		Princ Pymt		Interest	
2011	\$	359,428	\$	71,886	\$	3,594
2012	\$	287,542	\$	71,886	\$	2,875
2013	\$	215,657	\$	71,886	\$	2,157
2014	\$	143,771	\$	71,886	\$	1,438
2015	\$	71,886	\$	71,885	\$	719

COMPLIANCE

Investment of Bond Proceeds

Bond proceeds are invested in an applicable mutual fund or money market account, or mingled with the City's investment portfolio until needed. Bond proceeds, regardless of where held, will be invested considering applicable state and federal statutes and regulations, and the City's Investment Policy.

Bond Proceed Expenditures

The City will track the expenditure of all bond proceeds and any applicable interest earnings on those funds until they are fully expended. The City will comply with the "spend down period", as noted in the applicable Official Statement, for each debt issuance by using one of the following schedules:

Six Month

All gross proceeds (i.e. the bond proceeds less the cost of issuance fees) are spent 6 months from the date of issuance. An additional six month extension will apply if all gross proceeds are expended except for an amount not exceeding the lesser of 5% of the issue price or \$100,000.

Eighteen Month

All gross proceeds are spent 18 months from the date of issuance.

Required Percentage			
Expenditure of Gross Proceeds	Qualifying Date		
15%	6 months from Date of Issuance		
60%	1 year from Date of Issuance		
100%	18 months from Date of Issuance		

Two Year

All gross proceeds are spent 2 years from the date of issuance.

Required Percentage			
Expenditure of Gross Proceeds	Qualifying Date		
10%	6 months from Date of Issuance		
45%	1 year from Date of Issuance		
75%	18 months from Date of Issuance		
100	2 years from Date of Issuance		

The Finance Department will assist departments with tracking bond proceed expenditures and interest earnings as well as monitoring the timelines within which the money must be spent.

Arbitrage Tracking

Arbitrage is the practice of taking advantage of a price difference between the interest paid by the borrower (i.e. the City) and the interest rate earned on the bond proceeds until fully spent. Cities may only take advantage of arbitrage on its debt proceeds within strict guidelines established by the IRS. Such guidelines provide for the mandatory rebate of any excess arbitrage earnings. The Finance Department will monitor bond proceeds for any arbitrage rebate requirements as necessary. The City will make every effort to spend bond funds within the timeframe required so that rebates are not necessary.

Continuing Disclosure

As required by the Securities and Exchange Commission Rule and agreed to by bond ordinances, the City will meet on-going disclosure requirements by annually filing the audited Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) and any material event notices on the Electronic Municipal Market Access ¹ (EMMA) website. (www.emma.msrb.org) Updates to the financial information will be provided more frequently if required due to material events or other issues.

The City will also maintain good communication with the investment community regarding the financial health of the organization in the form of an annual letter.

Records Management

Bond transcripts, the Official Statement, and any other legislative documents for outstanding debt will be held in the City Clerk's Vault until the final redemption date plus six years. Other documents pertaining to the outstanding debt such as Trustee statements, IRS correspondence, Federal tax forms, and audited financial statements will be kept as required by retention schedules either in the City Clerk's Vault or within the Finance Department. The City's fiscal agent is also required to maintain debt related records until final redemption of the bonds plus six years.

PROFESSIONAL SERVICES

Financial Advisor

The City may choose to hire a financial advisor to assist with the issuance of debt. Typically a financial advisor is hired early in the process to assist the City with the structure and timing of issuing debt. The financial advisor represents only the City in the process and has a fiduciary responsibility to the City to protect its interests.

¹ EMMA is a comprehensive on-line source of official statements, continuing disclosure documents, market data, and educational material about the municipal securities market. http://www.emma.msrb.org/

Underwriter

The underwriter, also referred to as the investment banker, assists with the structure, pricing, marketing and timing of the debt. On the day of issuance, the underwriter's firm purchases the entire bond issue from the issuer (the City) and resells the bonds to investors.

Bond Counsel

The City uses bond counsel for guidance on the legal aspects of issuing debt. Bond counsel also assists the City with the financing and structuring of debt issues, preparing the formal documents, and issuing an opinion on the bonds as to their tax exempt status.

Fiscal Agent

Bank of New York Mellon serves as the City's fiscal agent to handle the necessary processing services and transactions related to the issued bonds. These services include maintaining records of ownership and making the scheduled principal and interest payments to the bond holders. The State of Washington negotiates the contract for fiscal agent services.

Rating Agencies

Rating agencies such as Standard & Poor's (S&P), Moody's, or Fitch, provide a review of the City's credit strength and the ability to pay debt service. The City must pay a fee to obtain credit ratings on a new debt issue.

CONTACTS

Debt Issuance, Schedules, Arbitrage Tracking, Records and Bond Calls

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Kelley Wood, Treasury Manager kwood@redmond.gov 425-556-2161

Bond Counsel

Daniel S. Gottlieb Gottlieb Fisher PLLC 1501 Fourth Avenue, Suite 2150 Seattle, WA 98101-3225 206-654-1999

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report and Continuing Disclosure Filings

Sheila Colyer, Accounting Manager sicolyer@redmond.gov 425-556-2186

Documents – Official Statement and Continuing Disclosure

http://www.emma.msrb.org

Financial Advisor

Jane Towery Managing Director Piper Jaffray & Co. 601 Union Street, Suite 5010 Seattle, WA 98101 206-254-7244

Contacts continued

Fiscal Agent – (for City use)

The Bank of New York Mellon Fiscal Agency Unit 101 Barclay Street, 7 W floor New York, NY 10286 1-800-646-5468 (Direct Dial: 1-212-815-5084, x5085, x5092, x5120)

Fiscal Agent – (for Bondholder use)

The Bank of New York Mellon

(Payments, transfer, and lost securities): The Bank of New York Mellon Corporate Trust Operations PO Box 2320 Dallas, TX 75201 1-800-438-5473

For delivery by overnight courier The Bank of New York Mellon Corporate Trust Operations 2001 Bryan Street, 9th Floor Dallas, TX 75201

Bonds and Coupons can also be redeemed at any Wells Fargo branch in the State of Washington

Wells Fargo N.A., Regional Services Department Bondholder Relations: 206-343-8429

LID Assessment Billings and Records

Stephanie Woo, Senior Accountant swood@redmond.gov 425-556-2183

Underwriter

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